S84-Al-Enshega'ge 84 سورة الإنشيقاق



By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

by that o name in transmit in transcent (The main	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1. Edha (suddenly/whereas) the Heaven <sup>w</sup> slit-she <sup>y1</sup> .	إِذَا ٱلسَّمَآء ٱنشَقَّتُ
2. And it <sup>w</sup> listened-she <sup>y</sup> for her Lord and <i>huggat</i> (had been made to comply-she <sup>y</sup> ).	وَأَذِنَتُ لِرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتُ ١
3. And edha (suddenly/whereas) the Earth <sup>w</sup> (had been)	وَإِذَا ٱلْأَرْضُ مُدَّتْ ﴿
extended-she <sup>y</sup> .	
4. And thrown-shey what (is) in itw and takhallat (iteratively emptied-shey) [itw].	وَٱلْقَتْ مَا فِيهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ
5. And listened-shey for her Lord and huggat (had been made to comply-shey).	وَأُذِنَتُ لِرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتُ
6. O, you the mankind: verily you <sup>g</sup> (are) a toiler to your <sup>t</sup>	يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلْإِنسِينُ إِنَّكَ كَادِحٌ إِلَىٰ
Lord a toiling; then mulaqe'he([yous] are a meeter with Him).	رَبِّكَ كَدْحًا فَمُلَقِيهِ
7. Then as-to whomever oteya ([he] had been accorded) his book by his yamene (right-hand <sup>w</sup> ).	فَأَمَّا مَنْ أُوتِى كِتَلْبَهُ بَيَمِينِهِ،
8. So shall ([he] be made to) account an easy accounting.	ک فَسُوْفَ بُحُاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَسِيرًا ۞
, , , ,	
9. And [he] transposes <sup>2</sup> to his family masroran (he who is gladdened).	وَيَنقَلِبُ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِ مُسْرُورًا ١
10. And as-to whomever oteya ([he] had been accorded) his book beyond his back.	وَأُمَّا مَنْ أُوتَى كِتَنبَهُ وَرَآءَ ظَهُره ـ
11. Then [he] shall call a thoboran³ (utter-ravage).	فَسُوفَ يَدْعُواْ ثُبُورًا ١
12. And yassla <sup>4</sup> ([he] shall be broiled on/by) a Sa'era <sup>w</sup> (intensely kindling Fire) <sup>w</sup> .	وَيَصْلَىٰ سَعِيرًا ١
13. Verilyhe [was] in his family masroran (he who is gladdened).	إِنَّهُ وَكَانَ فِي أَهْلِهِ مُسْرُورًا ﴿
14. Verily hepresumed that never yahoora <sup>5</sup> ([he] retrogressively relapses).	إِنَّهُ و ظَنَّ أَن لَّن يَحُورَ ٢
15. Bala <sup>6</sup> (indeed-not). Verily his Lord [was] by him Baseeran (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	بَلَیْ إِنَّ رَبَّهُ کَانَ بِهِ عَبَصِیرًا ﴿
16. So not <sup>7</sup> . $Oqsemo(I] oath)$ by the twilight.	فَلَآ أُقِّسِمُ بِٱلشَّفَقِ ﴿

<sup>1</sup> To be pondered here is the word "תנב"," and the "וلإنشقاق" extends lengthwise. What is the significance?

2 That is repair or return.

3 The word "ישני" is infinitive noun, meaning intensity and implying multitudinousness and utterness. See וلقرطبي and القران لـ محمود صافي.

4 The word "يصلي" transliterated "yassld" here for lack of a properly corresponding word in English, means broil simultaneously from all sides, as if the entire body is immersed in the intensely kindled Fire.

5 The word "يحود" means retrogresses relapsing to an inferior or lesser phase. See "يحود", see footnote 196 or the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration.

attached to this *Translation* for more elaboration.

7 For this "کی" by consensus is a negation particle, see .الدر المصون، احمد حلبي Also for the oath, see (S56:75-76).

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17.By <sup>8</sup> the night and whatever <sup>9</sup> [ $it^x$ ] cinctured <sup>10</sup> .	وَٱلَّيْلِ وَمَا وَسَقَ ۞
18. By <sup>11</sup> the moon <sup>x</sup> and edha (suddenly/whereas) ittasaq <sup>12</sup> ([it <sup>x</sup> ] had attained fullness).	وَٱلْقَمَرِ إِذَا ٱتَّسَقَ 🚭
19. Surely you <sup>z</sup> (shall) embark tabaqan <sup>13</sup> (hierarchy/rank) after <sup>14</sup> tabaqen (hierarchy/rank).	لَتَرَكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَن طَبَقٍ
20. So what (is) for them, not they believe.	فَمَا لَمُمُ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢
21. And if ( <i>had been</i> ) recited on them The Qur'an <sup>x</sup> not kowtow they <sup>z</sup> .	وَإِذَا قُرئَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْقُرْءَانُ لَا يَسْجُدُونَ اللهِ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْقُرْءَانُ لَا يَسْجُدُونَ اللهِ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهَ
22. Rather who <sup>r</sup> unbelieved they <sup>z</sup> deny they <sup>z</sup> .	بَلِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُكَذِّبُونَ ﴾
23. And Allah(is) knowinger by what they cache/cognize.	وَٱللَّهُ أُعۡلَمُ بِمَا يُوعُونَ ﴾
24. So bashsherhom <sup>15</sup> (let-you <sup>s</sup> tell pleasant tidings to them) by a painful torment.	فَبَشِّرُهُم بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ ٢
25. Except whom <sup>r</sup> believed they <sup>z</sup> and they <sup>z</sup> worked the righteous works for them remuneration other than diminishing/ceasing. <sup>16</sup>	إلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ السَّلِحَاتِ هَمُ أُجْرً غَيْرُ مَمْنُون الصَّلِحَاتِ هَمْ أُجْرً غَيْرُ مَمْنُون

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In Arabic the letter "ع" is a letter used to *smear* in the name of Allah. In English the *equivalent* for swearing is "by." Therefore, since this Ayah begins by making an oath by the name of the "غان"," so we start with the word "by" and not "ع" as "ع" will not suffice the meaning.

<sup>9</sup> The particle "م" is an *infinitive* particle, althoughit could be *connective* particle. See

<sup>10</sup> The word "وسق," as noun, basically means "a camel's load," about three hundred and twenty pounds by Hejaz people and four hundred and eighty pounds by Iraq's people. And "وسقت النخلة" as verb, means burdened or carried. And "وسقت النخلة" = the date-palm had fruited a lot more than normal. Also as a verb means: (1) set, (2) included or encompassed or cinctured. See اللمان

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See footnote 6429 above regarding "by."

<sup>12</sup> The word "اثنيق" means attained its fullness, i.e. became full-moon. See اللمان "عليق" could stand for more than one meaning. (1) situation, (2) hierarchy, (3) rank. That is to say: you shall embark with respect the nearness to Allah (SWT) situation after/on top of another situation; or a hierarchy after/on top of a hierarchy; or rank after/on top of another rank. See القرطبي.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter when added to a word."

بِشُر ا يَبِشُرُ أُمَبِثُنُو أَ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for bashashara/youbashsharo/mubasheron=بِشُر ا يَبِشُرُ أُمَبِثُنُونُ أُومِينَا اللهِ اللهِلمُلا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ

<sup>16</sup> The word "ممنون" means simultaneously neither diminishable nor ceasing. +